

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)
Revision Date Dec 12, 2017

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name METHYL ETHYL KETONE

CAS-No. 78-93-3

Product code AR1122, CG1122, EP1122, GP1122, LC1122, RP1122, XP1122

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Chemical for analysis and production

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Chem-Supply Pty Ltd

38 - 50 Bedford Street, Gillman SA 5013 Australia

Telephone number (08) 8440 2000 Fax number (08) 8440 2001

1.4 Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency phone

Monday - Friday 8:30am - 5:00pm ACST (08) 8440 2000

After hours: CHEMCALL 1800127406 / +6449179888

1.5 Manufacturer

Company RCI LABSCAN LIMITED.

24 Rama 1 Road, Pathumwan, Bangkok 10330 Thailand

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to WHS Regulations (Australia)

Flammable liquids (Category 2), H225

Eye irritation (Category 2), H319

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3), Central nervous system, H336

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

F Highly flammable R11
Xi Irritant R36
R66

R66 R67

For the full text of the R-phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2 Label elements

Pictogram



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

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H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

AUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Precautionary statement(s)

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261 Avoid breathing vapours.

P264 Wash hand thoroughly after handling.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contract

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physical if you feel unwell.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam for extinction.

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

2.3 Other hazards None

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Synonyms 2-Butanone, Butanone, Ethyl methyl ketone, Methyl acetone, MEK

CAS-No EC-No EC-Index-No Formula Molecular Weight Weight % 78-93-3 201-159-0 606-002-00-3 $C_2H_5COCH_3$ 72.11 g/mol >99

Hazardous ingredients according to WHS Regulations (Australia)

Con	nponent	Concentration	Classification	
Methyl ethyl ketone				
CAS-No	78-93-3	>99%	Flammable liquids (Category 2), H225	
EC-No	201-159-0		Eye irritation (Category 2), H319	
EC-Index-No 606-002-00-3			Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category	
			3), Central nervous system, H336	

Hazardous ingredients according to Directive 1999/45/EC

Component		Concentration	Classification		
Methyl ethyl ketone					
CAS-No	78-93-3	>99%	F, Highly flammable, R11		
EC-No	201-159-0		Xi, Irritant, R36		
EC-Index-No 606-002-00-3			R66		
			R67		

For the full text of the H-Statements and R-Phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Inhalation Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapors. Keep patient warm. In case of

shortness of breath, give oxygen. Apply artificial respiration only if patient is not breathing or under medical supervision. No artificial aspiration mouth to mouth or mouth to nose.

Use suitable instruments/apparatus.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected skin with soap and water. Obtain

medical attention. If signs of poisoning appear, treat as for inhalation. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated combustible material, e.g. clothing ignites more

readily and burns fiercely.

Eye contact If the substance has got into the eyes, immediately wash out with plenty of water at least

15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Keep patient warm. In case of shortness of breath,

give oxygen. Apply artificial respiration only if patient is not breathing or under medical supervision. No artificial aspiration mouth to mouth or mouth to nose. Use suitable instruments/apparatus. Obtain medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in section 2.2 and section 11.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Activate charcoal 20-40 g in 10% slurry. Risk of aspiration. No milk, no digestible oils. Keep air ways free. Laxative: Sodium Sulfate 1 tablespoon/250 ml of water after ingestion of large. Amount: Gastric lavage.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Extinguish with carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Flash back possible over considerable distance.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

5.4 Hazchem Code

•2YE

5.5 Further information

Standard procedure for chemical fires. Take measures to prevent electrostatic charging. Prevent firefighting water from entering surface water or groundwater.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Remove all sources of ignition. Wear a positive-pressure supplied-air respirator, flame retardant antistatic protective clothing. Shut off leaks if without risk. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

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6.2 Environmental precautions

Contain or absorb leaking liquid with sand or earth, consults an expert. Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and workpits. If substance has entered a water course or sewer or contaminated soil, advise police.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Spillage: May react with combustible substances creating fire or explosion hazard and formation of toxic fumes. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel). Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and workpits; vapor may create explosive atmosphere. Transfer to covered steel drums. Dispose of promptly.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Keep container tightly closed. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not empty into drains.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep tightly closed at room temperature in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep out of direct sunlight and away from incompatible materials. Store in original container. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure limit (Safe Work Australia)

TWA: 150 ppm (445 mg/m³) STEL: 300 ppm (890 mg/m³)

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Ventilation hoods and fans required when working with organic solvents or in hot melt applications.

Individual protection measures (Personal protective equipment, PPE) Eye/face protection

Goggles giving complete protection to eyes.

Skin protection

Chemical resistant apron / flame retardant antistatic protective clothing, heavy duty work shoes. Handle with gloves

- Splash contact wears gloves from butyl rubber material.

The select protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686 EEC and standard EN 374 derived from it.

Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Required when vapor/aerosols are generated filter A (EN141 or EN14387).

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Environmental exposure controls

Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and workpits

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Form
: Color
Colorless
Odor
Characteristic
Odor Threshold
pH
Neutral at 20°C

Melting point/range -86 °C

Boiling point/range 79.6 °C at 1013 hPa
Flash point -4 °C (closed cup)
Evaporation rate Not Available
Flammability (solid, gas) Not Available
Explosion limits: lower 1.8 %(V)
upper 11.5 %(V)

Vapor Pressure 105 hPa at 20°C

Relative vapor density 2.48

Density 0.805 g/ml at 20°C
Water solubility 292 g/l at 20°C
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) log Pow: 0.29
Auto-Ignition temperature 514 °C
Decomposition Temperature Not Available
Viscosity 0.40 mPa.s at 20°C
Explosive properties Not Explosive

Oxidizing properties The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Highly flammable. Sensitivity to light and sensitive to air. Explosible with air in a vaporous/gaseous state.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Risk of explosion in contact with hydrogen peroxide / nitric acid, hydrogen peroxide / sulphuric acid.

The substance can react dangerously with oxidizing agents, chloroform / alkali, chromium trioxide (CrO₃).

The substance forms an explosive mixture with air.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agent, CrO₃, hydrogen peroxide/nitric acid, conc. or sulfuric acid, chloroform/ alkali.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Peroxide. Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxides (Hazardous decomposition products from under fire condition).

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

LD₅₀ (oral, rat): >2600 mg/kg. LD₅₀ (dermal, rabbit): >8000 mg/kg.

Acute oral toxicity

Symptoms: nausea and vomiting.

Acute inhalation toxicity

Absorption: mucosal irritations.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Irritations: drying out effect resulting in rough and chapped skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Irritations.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Sensitization test (guinea pig): No sensitizing effect.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Bacterial mutagenicity; Ames test is negative.

Carcinogenicity

Not Available

Reproductive toxicity

Not Available

Teratogenicity

Not Available

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure

Not Available

Aspiration hazard

Not Available

Further information

After accidental swallowing the substance may pose a risk of aspiration. Passage into the lung (vomiting) can result in a condition resembling pneumonia (chemical pneumonitis).

After absorption of large quantities: CNS disorders, drowsiness, dizziness, inebriation, drop in blood pressure, narcosis. Causes impaired function of respiratory tract, heart.

The product should be handled with the care usual when dealing with chemicals.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish LC₅₀ P.promeles : 3220 mg/l/96h. Toxicity to daphnia EC₅₀ Daphnia magna : 5091 mg/l/48h.

and other aquatic invertebrates

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Toxicity to algae IC_5 Sc.quadricauda : \geq 4300 mg/l/7d. Toxicity to bacteria EC_5 Ps. Putida: 1150 mg/l/16h.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability Readily biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) log Pow: 0.29

No bioaccumulation is to be expected (log P o/w <1)

12.4 Mobility in soil

Not Available

12.5 Other adverse effects

Do not allow to enter waters, waste water or soil.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

There are no uniform EC Regulations for the disposal of chemicals or residues. Chemical residues generally count as special waste. The disposal of the latter is regulated in the EC member countries through corresponding law and regulations. We recommend that you contact either the authorities in charge or approved waste disposal companies which will advise you on how to dispose of special waste or burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly flammable. Observe all federal, state, and local environmental regulations.

Contaminated packaging

Disposal in compliance with official regulations. Handle contaminated packaging as hazardous waste in the same way of the substance itself. If not officially specified differently, non-contaminated packaging may be treated like household waste or recycled.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land Transport (ADG Code)

UN Number 1193

UN proper shipping name METHYL ETHYL KETONE

Transport hazard class(es) 3
Hazchem Code •2YE
Packing group II
Environmental hazards No
Special precautions for user Yes

Sea transport (IMDG)

UN Number 1193

UN proper shipping name METHYL ETHYL KETONE

Transport hazard class(es)

Packing group

Marine pollutant

Special precautions for user

EmS

Second Seco

Air transport (IATA)

UN Number 1193

UN proper shipping name METHYL ETHYL KETONE

Transport hazard class(es) 3

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Packing group II
Environmental hazards No
Special precautions for user No

River transport (AND/ADNR)

(Not examined)

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulatory Information Listed in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

Poisons Schedule S5

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

AUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of R-phrases referred to under sections 2 and 3

F Highly flammable

Xi Irritant

R11 Highly flammable. R36 Irritating to eyes.

R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Recommended restrictions

Take notice of labels and safety data sheets for the working. Chemicals Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge.

Reference

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS).

Labelling according to Code of Practice for the Lebelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (Safe Work Australia). Transportation information according to Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Model

Regulations. Twelfth revised edition. United Nations.

Institute for Occupational Safety and Health of the German Social Accident Insurance in Sankt Augustin/Germany, Source: IFA for Databases on hazardous substances (GESTIS).

Further information

Contact Chem - Supply Pty Ltd Ph. (08) 8440 2000.

Revision Date

12/12/2017

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process unless specified in the text.

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