

**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**

**1.1 Product identifier**

Product name	METHANOL
CAS-No.	67-56-1
Product code	AH1116, AH1117, AH1118, AR1115, BP1115, EP1115, GP1115, IR1115, LC1115, LC1224, LM1115, LV1115, PC1115, PS1115, PT1115, RP1115, SG1115, SM1115, XP1115, VL1115

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Identified uses	Chemical for analysis and production.
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**1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

Company	RCI LABSCAN LIMITED. 24 Rama 1 Road, Pathumwan, Bangkok 10330 Thailand
Telephone number	(662) 613-7911-4
Fax number	(662) 613-7915

**1.4 Emergency Telephone Number**

Emergency phone	(662) 613-7911-4
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**SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

**2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture**

**Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

Flammable liquids (Category 2), H225  
 Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 3), H301  
 Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 3), H331  
 Acute toxicity, Dermal (Category 3), H311  
 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 1), Eyes, H370  
 For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

**2.2 Label elements**

**Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

Pictogram



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H301 + H311 + H331	Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled
H370	Causes damage to organs (eyes).

Precautionary statement(s)

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P242	Use non-sparking tools.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P260	Do not breathe fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash hand thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P301 + P316	IF SWALLOWED: Get emergency medical help immediately.
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty water.
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P308 + P316	IF exposed or concerned: Get emergency medical help immediately.
P330	Rinse mouth.
P361 + P364	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P403 + P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405	Store locked up.

### 2.3 Other hazards

None

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

Synonyms	Methyl alcohol, Carbinol, Wood alcohol.				
CAS-No	EC-No	EC-Index-No	Formula	Molecular Weight	Weight %
67-56-1	200-659-6	603-001-00-X	CH <sub>3</sub> OH	32.04 g/mol	<=100

### Hazardous ingredients according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Component	Concentration	Classification
<b>Methanol</b>		
CAS-No 67-56-1 EC-No 200-659-6 EC-Index-No 603-001-00-X	<=100%	Flammable liquids (Category 2), H225 Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 3), H301 Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 3), H331 Acute toxicity, Dermal (Category 3), H311 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 1), Eyes, H370

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Inhalation	Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapors. Keep patient warm. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Apply artificial respiration only if patient is not breathing or under medical supervision. No artificial aspiration mouth to mouth or mouth to nose. Use suitable instruments/apparatus.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected skin with soap and water. If signs of poisoning appear, treat as for inhalation. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated combustible material, e.g. clothing ignites more readily and burns fiercely.
Eye contact	If the substance has got into the eyes, immediately wash out with plenty of water at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Keep patient warm. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Apply artificial respiration only if patient is not breathing or under medical

supervision. No artificial aspiration mouth to mouth or mouth to nose. Use suitable instruments/apparatus. Obtain medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

#### **4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in section 2.2 and section 11.

#### **4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

After swallowing, make victim drink ethanol (e.g. 1 drinking glass of a 40% alcoholic beverage). Call in physician, mentioning methanol ingestion. If breathing stops. Mouth to mouth respiration or mechanical ventilation.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### **5.1 Extinguishing media**

#### **Suitable extinguishing media**

Extinguish with carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam or water spray. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

### **5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air at ambient temperature. Flash back possible over considerable distance.

### **5.3 Advice for firefighters**

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

### **5.4 Further information**

Standard procedure for chemical fires. Take measures to prevent electrostatic charging. Prevent firefighting water from entering surface water or groundwater.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### **6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Remove all sources of ignition. Wear a positive-pressure supplied-air respirator, flame retardant antistatic protective clothing. Shut off leaks if without risk. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

### **6.2 Environmental precautions**

Contain or absorb leaking liquid with sand or earth, consults an expert. Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and workpits. If substance has entered a water course or sewer or contaminated soil, advise police.

### **6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

Spillage: May react with combustible substances creating fire or explosion hazard and formation of toxic fumes. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel or chemical absorbent pads). Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and workpits; vapor may create explosive atmosphere. Transfer to covered steel drums. Dispose of promptly.

### **6.4 Reference to other sections**

For disposal see **Section 13**.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Keep container tightly closed. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not empty into drains.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep out of direct sunlight and away from incompatible materials. Store in original container. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)

Application Area	Health Effects	Exposure	Value
Worker	Acute Local effects	Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Worker	Acute Systemic effects	Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Worker	Acute Systemic effects	Skin contact	40 mg/kg Body weight
Worker	Long-term Local effects	Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Worker	Long-term Systemic effects	Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Worker	Long-term Systemic effects	Skin contact	40 mg/kg Body weight
Consumer	Acute Local effects	Inhalation	50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Consumer	Acute Systemic effects	Ingestion	8 mg/kg Body weight
Consumer	Acute Systemic effects	Inhalation	50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Consumer	Acute Systemic effects	Skin contact	8 mg/kg Body weight
Consumer	Long-term Local effects	Inhalation	50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Consumer	Long-term Systemic effects	Ingestion	8 mg/kg Body weight
Consumer	Long-term Systemic effects	Inhalation	50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Consumer	Long-term Systemic effects	Skin contact	8 mg/kg Body weight

#### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

Compartment	Value
Fresh water	154 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	570.4 mg/kg
Marine water	15.4 mg/l
Sewage treatment plant	100 mg/l
Soil	23.5 mg/kg

### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Ventilation hoods and fans required when working with organic solvents or in hot melt applications.

#### Individual protection measures (Personal protective equipment, PPE)

##### Eye/face protection

Goggles giving complete protection to eyes.

##### Skin protection

Chemical resistant apron / flame retardant antistatic protective clothing, heavy duty work shoes.

Handle with gloves

- Full contact wears gloves from butyl rubber material.
- Splash contact wears gloves from viton material.

The select protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686 EEC and standard EN 374 derived from it.

#### Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Required when vapor/aerosols are generated filter AX (EN 371).

#### Environmental exposure controls

Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and workpits.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance: From	Liquid
: Color	Colorless
Odor	Characteristic
Odor Threshold	Not Available
pH	Not Available
Melting point/range	-98°C
Boiling point/range	64.5°C
Flash point	11 °C (closed cup)
Evaporation rate	Not Available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Available
Explosion limits: lower	5.5 %(V)
upper	36.5 %(V)
Vapor Pressure	128 hPa at 20°C
Relative vapor density	1.1
Density	0.790 g/ml at 20°C
Water solubility	Soluble at 20°C
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	log Pow: -0.77
Auto-Ignition temperature	455 °C
Decomposition Temperature	Not Available
Viscosity	0.597 mPa.s at 20°C
Explosive properties	Not Explosive
Oxidizing properties	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

Hygroscopic. Highly flammable.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Risk of explosion in contact with strong oxidizing agents, alkali metals, nitric acid, sulfuric acid, nitric oxides, hydrogen peroxide, barium perchlorate, lead chlorate, lead perchlorate, chromosulfuric acid, dichloro hexoxide, magnesium powder, sodium hypochloride, perchloric acid, permanganic acid and zinc diethyl.

The substance can react dangerously with halogens, oxidizing agents, reducing agents, acids, acetyl bromide, alkylaluminium solutions, beryllium hydride, chloroform/lye, chromium(VI)-oxide, cyanuric chloride, alkaline-earth metals, magnesium splinters, phosphorus trioxide, Raney- nickel/hydrogenation and acid anhydrides.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Acid halides, alkali metals, alkaline earth, metals, oxidizing agent, nitrogen oxides, reducing agents, acids.  
Unsuitable working materials: Various plastics, aluminium, zinc alloys.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxides, Carbon dioxides, (Hazardous decomposition products from under fire condition).

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

LD<sub>50</sub> (oral, rat): 5628 mg/kg

LD<sub>LO</sub> (oral, human): 143 mg/kg

LC<sub>50</sub> (inhalation, rat): 85.26 mg/l/4 h

#### Acute oral toxicity

Absorption: Symptoms nausea, vomiting, headache, dizziness, inebriation, impaired vision, blindness  
(Irreversible damage of the optical nerve).

#### Acute inhalation toxicity

Irritation symptoms in the respiratory tract.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Slow absorption.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Slight irritations, mucosal irritations.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Sensitization test: guinea pig is negative.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Bacterial mutagenicity; Salmonella typhimurium is negative.

#### Carcinogenicity

Noncarcinogenic in animal experiments.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not Available

#### Teratogenicity

Not Available

#### Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure

Causes damage to organs (Eyes).

#### Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure

Not Available

#### Aspiration hazard

Not Available

#### Further information

Systemic effects: nausea, vomiting, headache, dizziness, inebriation, impaired vision, blindness acidosis, drop in blood pressure, agitation, spasms, narcosis and coma.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish	LC <sub>50</sub> L. macrochirus: 15400 mg/l/96h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	EC <sub>50</sub> Daphnia magna: >10000 mg/l/48h
Toxicity to algae	IC <sub>5</sub> Sc.quadricauda: 8000 mg/l/8d
Toxicity to bacteria	EC <sub>5</sub> Ps. Putida: 6600 mg/l/16d

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability	99%/30 d, Readily biodegradable.
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)	600-1120 mg/g
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	1420 mg/g
Theoretical oxygen demand	1,500 mg/g

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	log Pow: -0.77
	No bioaccumulation is to be expected (log P o/w <1)

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Not Available

### 12.5 Other adverse effects

Do not allow to enter waters, waste water or soil.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

There are no uniform EC Regulations for the disposal of chemicals or residues. Chemical residues generally count as special waste. The disposal of the latter is regulated in the EC member countries through corresponding law and regulations. We recommend that you contact either the authorities in charge or approved waste disposal companies which will advise you on how to dispose of special waste or burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly flammable. Observe all federal, state, and local environmental regulations.

#### Contaminated packaging

Disposal in compliance with official regulations. Handle contaminated packaging as hazardous waste in the same way of the substance itself. If not officially specified differently, non-contaminated packaging may be treated like household waste or recycled.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### Land Transport (ADR/RID)

UN Number	1230
UN proper shipping name	METHANOL
Transport hazard class(es)	3 ( 6.1 )
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No
Special precautions for user	Yes

### Sea transport (IMDG)

UN Number	1230
UN proper shipping name	METHANOL
Transport hazard class(es)	3 ( 6.1 )
Packing group	II

Marine pollutant	No
Special precautions for user	Yes
EmS	F-E S-D

**Air transport (IATA)**

UN Number	1230
UN proper shipping name	METHANOL
Transport hazard class(es)	3 ( 6.1 )
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No
Special precautions for user	No

**River transport (AND/ADNR)**

(Not examined)

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or Mixture**

Not Available

**15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment**

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out.

**SECTION 16: Other information****Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3**

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H301 + H311 + H331	Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled
H370	Causes damage to organs.

**Recommended restrictions**

Take notice of labels and safety data sheets for the working. Chemicals Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge.

**Reference**

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS).

Labelling according to EC Directives 67/548 EEC and Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Transportation information according to Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Model Regulations. Twelfth revised edition. United Nations.

Institute for Occupational Safety and Health of the German Social Accident Insurance in Sankt Augustin/Germany, Source: IFA for Databases on hazardous substances (GESTIS).

**Further information**

Contact to RCI Labscan Limited.

**Revision Date**

01/04/2021

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